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Crash test of the Typhoon II wheelchair and Typhoon docking station according to ISO 10542

(3 appendices)

Summary

A crash test of the Typhoon docking station for the Typhoon II electrical wheelchair has been performed according to ISO 10542-3:2005, section 6.1.

The docking station was tested in 48-50 km/h together with a Typhoon II wheelchair, 185 kg, loaded with a Hybrid III-dummy with a weight of 76 kg.

ISO 10542-1		Comment	Fulfillment of
Section			requirement
6.2.1a	ATD shall be retained in the seat		Yes
6.2.1b	The wheelchair shall remain upright	,	Yes
6.2.1c	No detachment of anchorage components		Yes
6.2.1d	No tools required to release the wheelchair		Yes
6.2.1e	No tools required to release the ATD		Yes
6.2.1f	No visible signs of failure of load-bearing parts		Yes
6.2.1g	No sharp edges of the tiedown system		Yes
6.2.1h	Opening force < 60 N for the restraint and tiedown		Yes
6.2.2a	Horizontal excursion		Yes
6.2.2b	Knee vs. WC excursion		Yes

The test object fulfilled the requirements according to ISO 10542-3:2005, section 6.1.

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1 Introduction

By commission of Invacare Deutschland GmbH a crash test of the Typhoon docking station for the Typhoon II electrical wheelchair was performed according to ISO 10542-3:2005, section 6.1. The purpose of the test was to evaluate if the Typhoon docking station fulfilled the crash test requirements together with the new Typhoon II wheelchair.

2 Test object

Tested product:

Typhoon docking station

Wheelchair:

Typhoon II

Weight of wheelchair:

185 kg

Restraint system:

Unwin safety belt (DI/SR) with high upper attachment (3PTF).

Test object arrival at SP:

2008-02-04

Selection of test object:

The test objects have been selected by the client without SP's

assistance.

3 Test method and performance

Test method:

ISO 10542-3:2005, section 6.1

Test date:

2008-02-06

Test facility:

SP Building Technology and Mechanics crash laboratory in Borås.

Crash pulse:

15g during 40 ms, 20g during 15 ms, 48-50 km/h (pulse id: 2)

Pulse

Two accelerometers mounted on the sled, inv no 403201 and

measurement:

403215. The graph can be found in appendix 1.

Velocity

Optical time sensors measuring the time for the sled to travel a

measurement:

distance of 1 meter just before impact.

Excursion

The excursion values were measured from the high-speed film by the film analysis program, TEMA, with an accuracy of ± 5 mm.

measurement: Film camera:

HG 2000 High-speed camera, 1000 frames per second.

Crash test dummy:

Hybrid III, 50th percentile, 76 kg. Inv. no: 401460.

Photographs:

Photos were taken before and after the test and can be found in

appendix 2.

The test object was mounted directly on the sled in a forward direction and the wheelchair was attached to the docking station. A Hybrid III-dummy, 76 kg, was positioned in the test wheelchair and restrained by an Unwin belt.

The sled was accelerated to a speed of 50.6 km/h before impact.





Figure 1 Test setup

4 Test results

The test results showed in this report refer only to the tested object.

In ISO 10542-3:2005, section 6.1 the standard refers to ISO 10542-1:2001, section 6.2 for the crash test performance.

Table 1 Post-test acceptance criteria

	ost-test acceptance criteria	1	Ţ.
ISO 10542-1		Comment	Requirement
Section			fulfillment
6.2.1a	The ATD shall be retained in the wheelchair.		Yes
6.2.1b	The wheelchair shall be in an upright position on the impact sled.		Yes
6.2.1c	No anchorage components or securement end fittings shall be detached or separated.		Yes
6.2.1d	Release of the wheelchair from the tiedown system shall not require the use of tools.		Yes
6.2.1e	Release of the ATD from the occupant restraint shall not require the use of tools.		Yes
6.2.1f	No part of the tiedown system shall exhibit visible signs of tearing, fragmentation, fracture or complete failure of any loadbearing part, unless such parts are intended to fail in a manner that limits the forces on the occupant.		Yes
6.2.1g	The tiedown system shall exhibit no dangerous roughness, sharp edges, or protrusions likely to increase the risk of injury to the occupant.		Yes
6.2.1h	The force required to open the buckle of any tiedown or occupant restraint components shall not exceed 60 N.		Yes

Table 2 Dynamic performance requirements during the test

ISO 10542-1	The horizontal excursion of the ATD and the wheelchair with respect to the impact sled shall not exceed the values given in this table					
Section 6.2.2a						
	Horizontal excursion	Requirement	Result/	Requirement		
			Comment	fulfillment		
	Head forward	< 650 mm	346 mm	Yes		
	Knee forward	< 375 mm	181 mm	Yes		
	Wheelchair point forward	< 200 mm	53 mm	Yes		
ISO 10542-1 Section 6.2.2b	The tiedown system shall prevent the wheelchair from imposing forward loads on the occupant, as indicated by the ATD knee excursion exceeding the wheelchair point P excursion by 10% or more. $X_{\rm knee}$ / $X_{\rm wc}$					
	Knee vs. WC excursion X_{knee} / X_{wc}	>1,1	3,4	Yes		

The test object fulfilled the requirements according to ISO 10542-3:2005, section 6.1.

5 Accuracy of measurement

The measurement uncertainty for the deceleration pulse is less than 1.5%. Reported uncertainty corresponds to an approximate 95 % confidence interval around the measured value. The interval has been calculated in accordance with GUM (The ISO guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurements), which is normally accomplished by quadratic addition of the actual standard uncertainties and multiplication of the resulting combined standard uncertainty by the coverage factor k=2.

SP Sveriges Tekniska Forskningsinstitut

Building Technology and Mechanics - Solid Mechanics and Structures

Klas Johansson

Technical Manager

Mikael Suurküla

Technical Officer

Appendices

Appendix 1

Deceleration graph (1 page)

Appendix 2

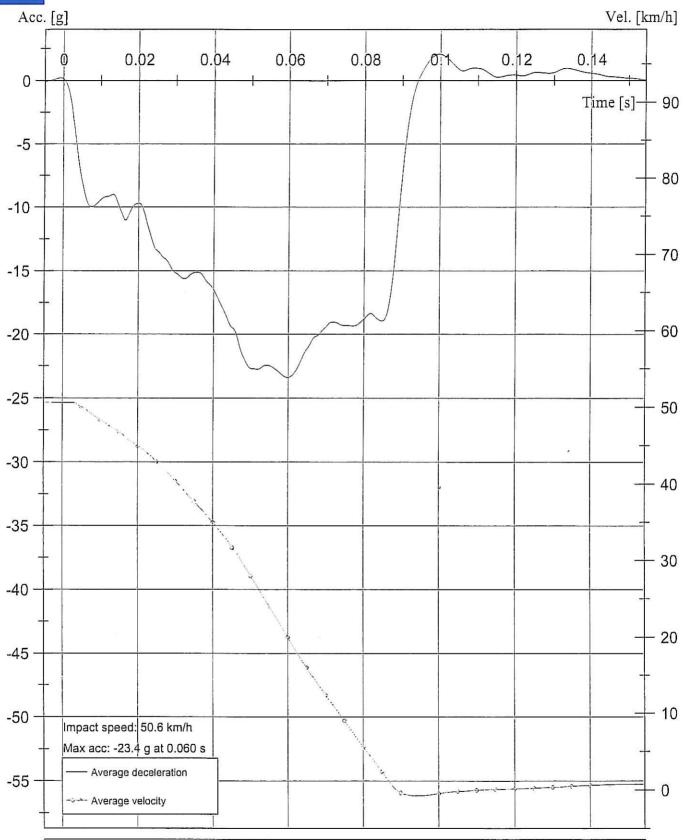
Photos (6 pages)

Appendix 3

Drawings (2 pages)



Sled deceleration, Average pulse, CFC 60



Customer: Invacare Germany

Test object: Typhoon II with Typhoon docking station, 185 kg

Standard: ISO 10542

Test date: 2008-02-06 **Test:** 1





Before test 01

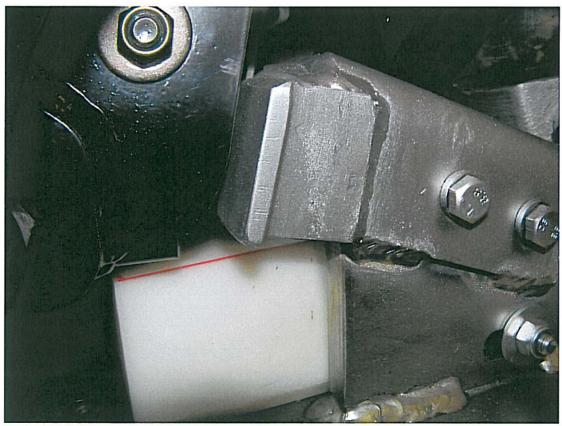


Before test 01



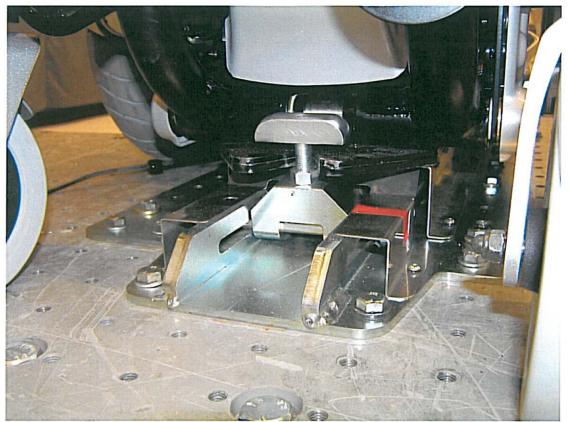


Before test 01

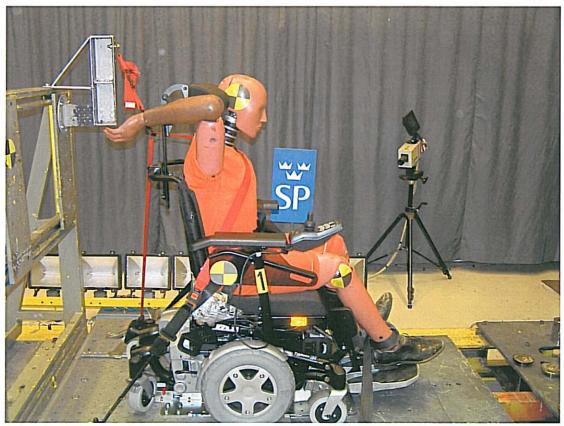


Before test 01





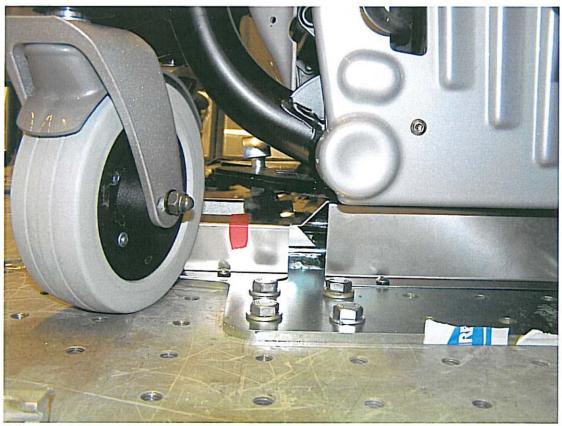
Before test 01



After test 01

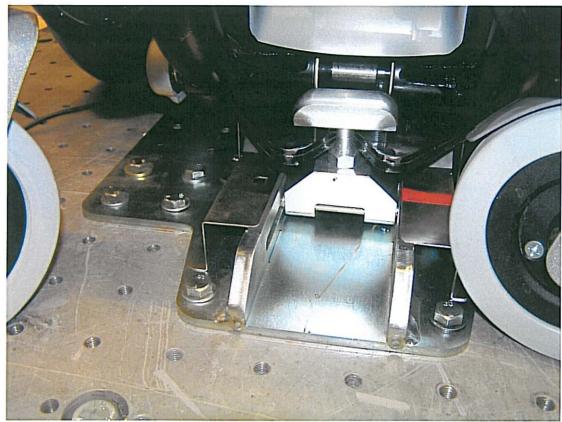


After test 01

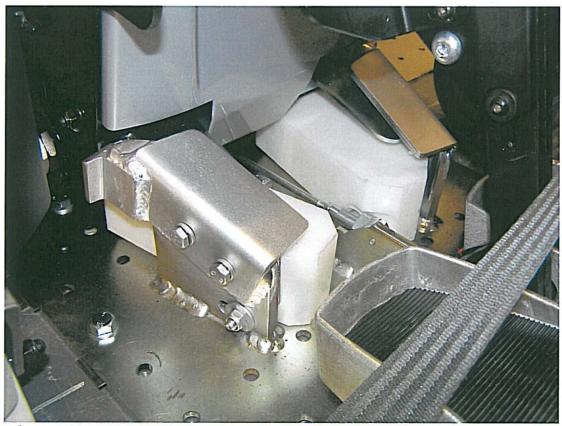


After test 01



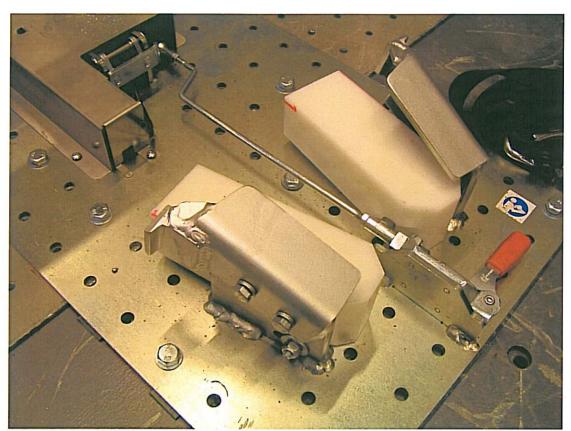


After test 01

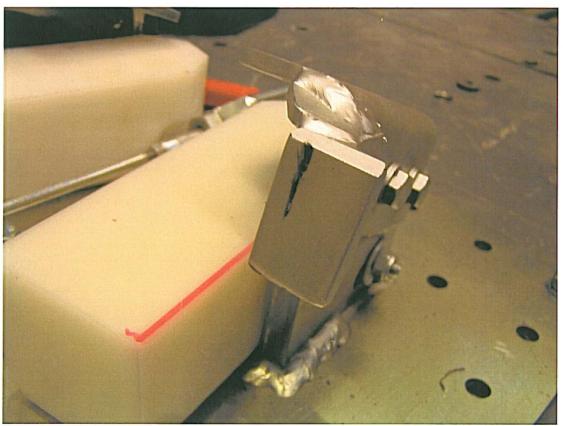


After test 01





After test 01



After test 01

